

# Efficient Event Processing with Geometric Deep Learning

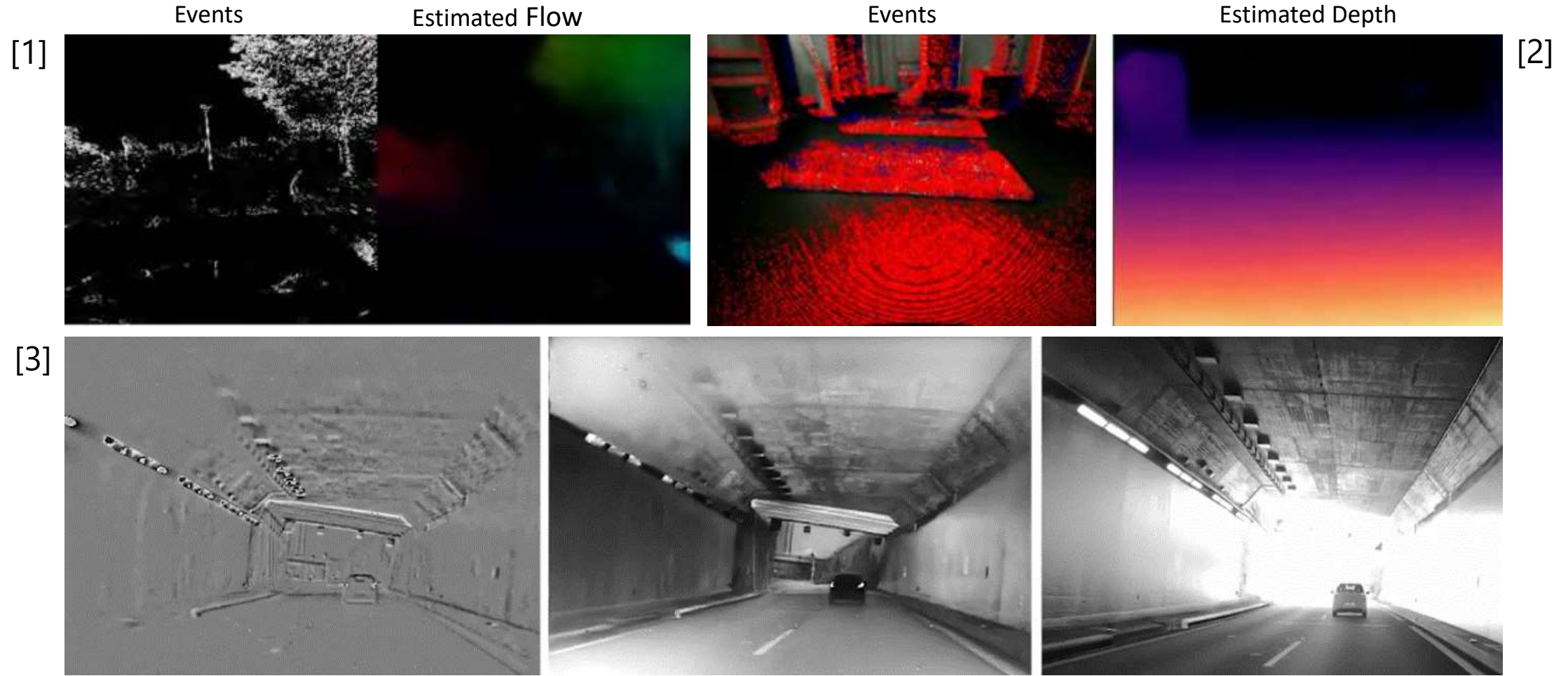
Daniel Gehrig



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Zurich**<sup>UZH</sup>

Institute of Informatics

# Deep Learning for Event Camera



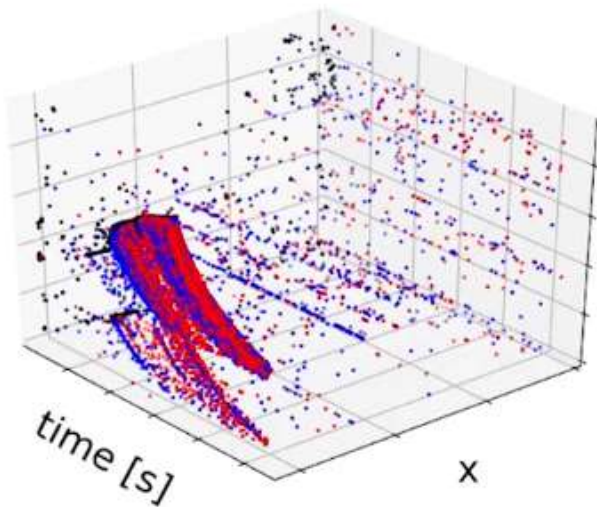
[1] Zhu et al., EV-FlowNet: Self-Supervised Optical Flow Estimation for Event-based Cameras. RSS, 2018

[2] Tulyakov et al., Learning an Event Sequence Embedding for Dense Event-Based Deep Stereo. ICCV, 2019

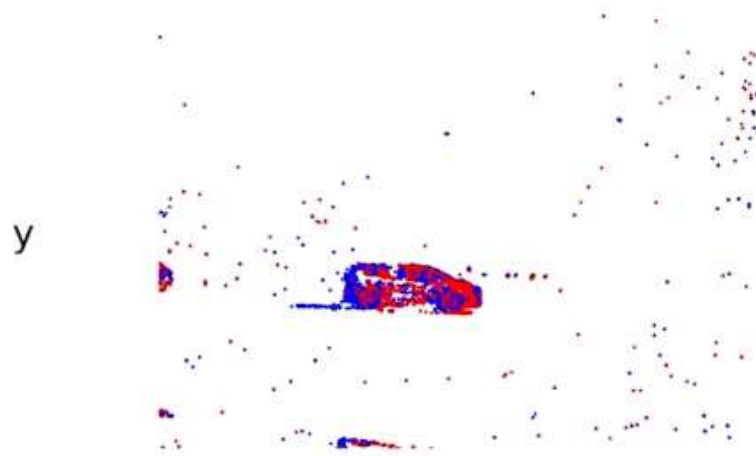
[3] Rebecq et al., High speed and high dynamic range video with an event camera. T-PAMI, 2020

# Deep Learning for Event Camera

- But can we make event representations that are also efficient, and operate at high temporal resolution?
- Dense representations lead to redundant processing when
  - No events are present
  - When new events arrive in the time window



Events in Space-Time



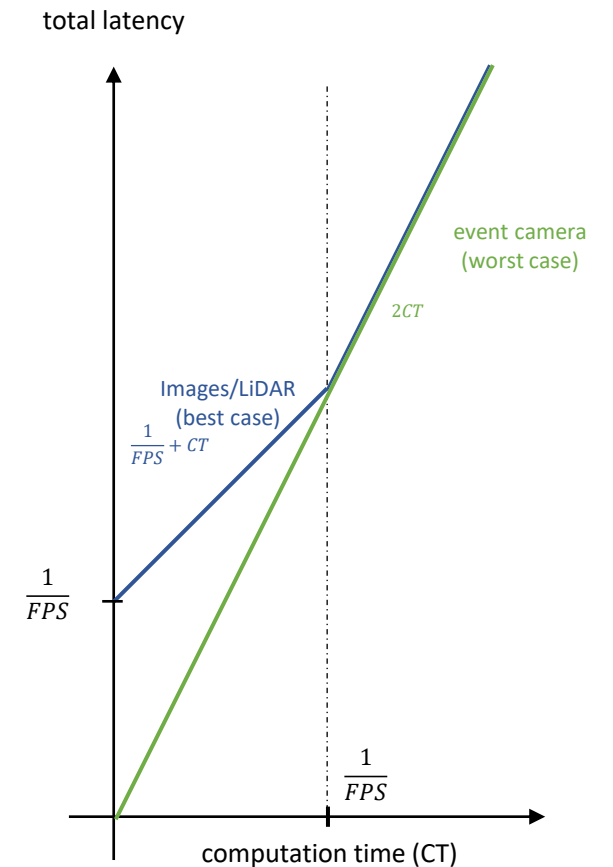
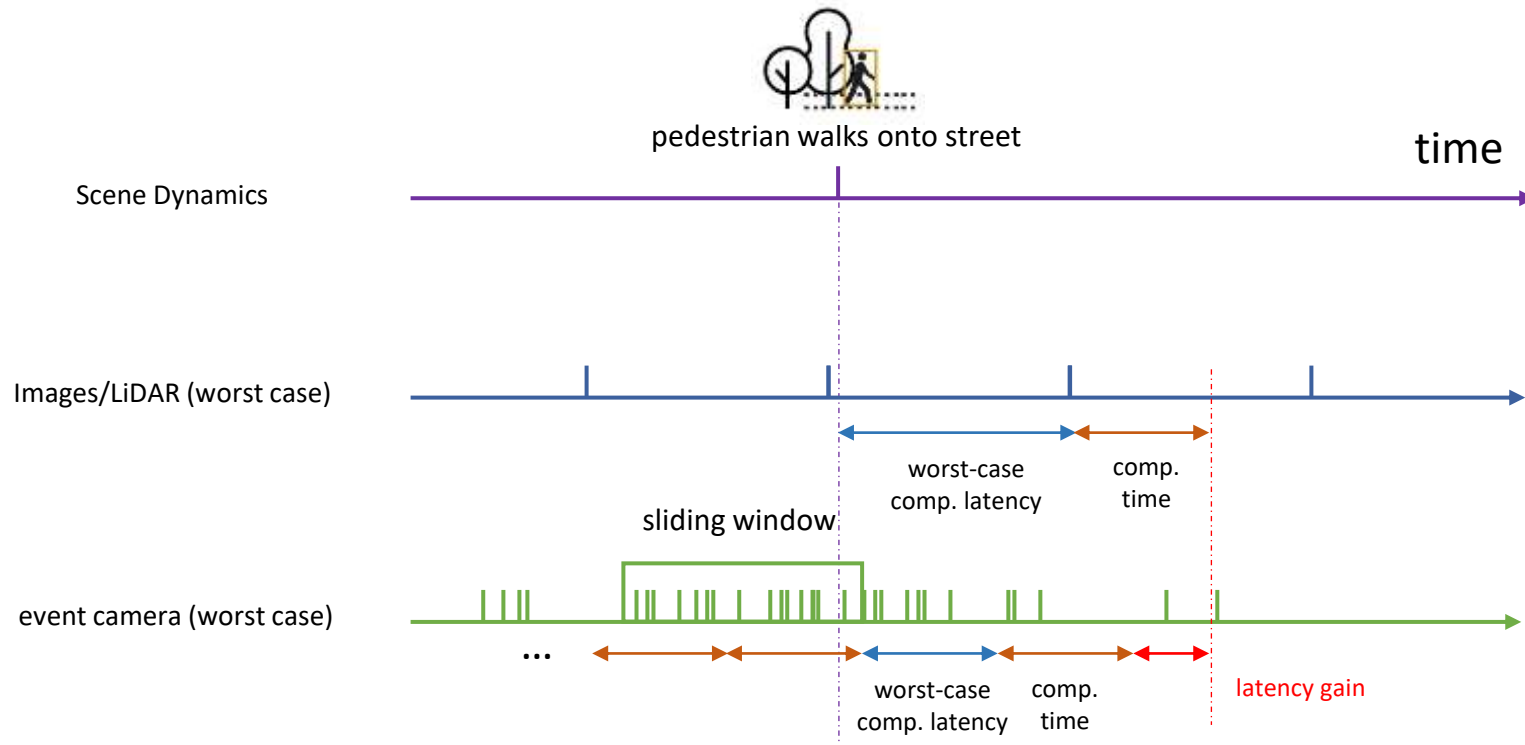
Event Histogram



RGB Camera

# Why improve efficiency?

- **Computational efficiency is the main source of latency for event-based vision**
- Reducing it can reduce the latency to minimal values



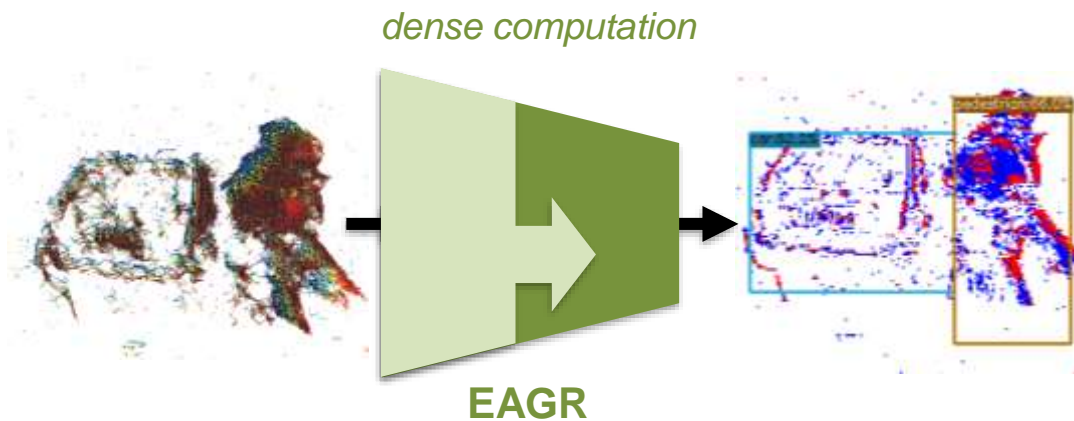
[1] Li et al. "Towards Streaming Perception", ECCV 2020

[2] Forrai, Miki, Gehrig et al. "Event-based Agile Object Catching with a Quadrupedal Robot", ICRA 2023

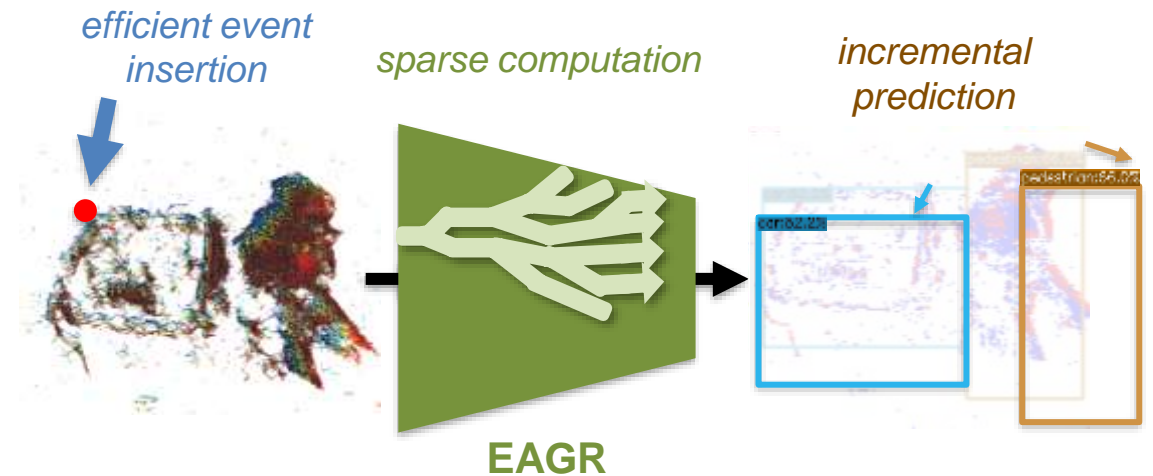
[3] Gehrig et al., "Low-latency Interframe Object Detection with Event Cameras", submitted

# Event-based Graph Neural Networks

- Process events as **spatio-temporally evolving graphs**
  - Sparser than Histograms
  - Efficient construction and event insertion into graph
  - Does not discard time information



**Training:** On full spatio-temporal graphs



**Testing:** Event-based and sparse

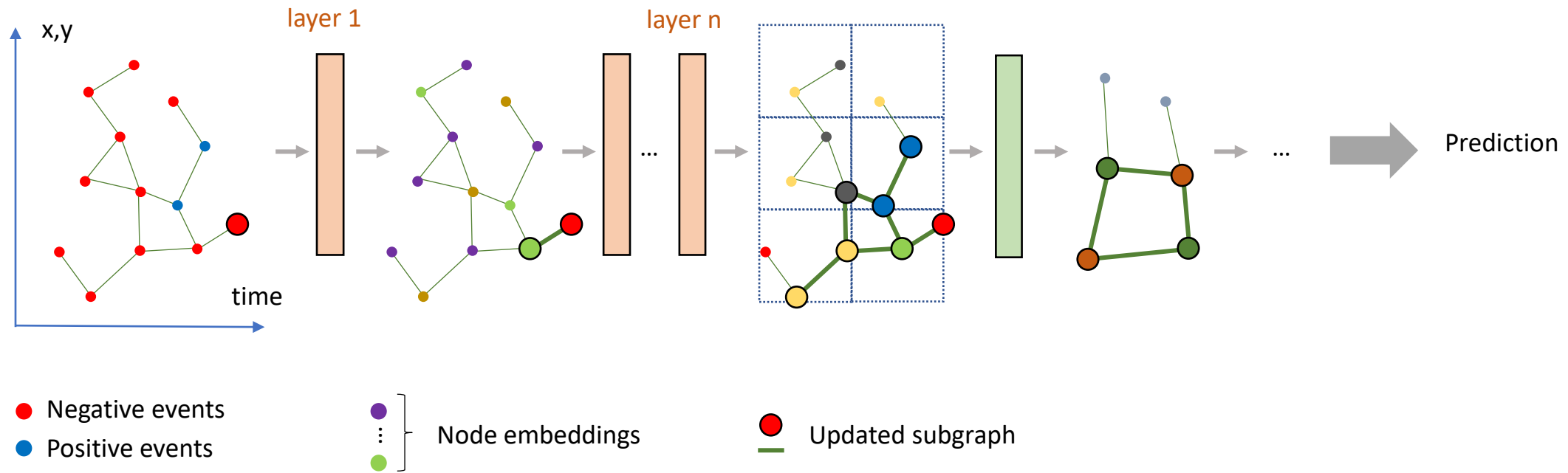
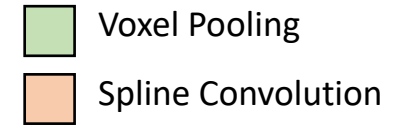
[1] Li et al., "Graph-based Asynchronous Event Processing for Rapid Object Recognition", ICCV 2021

[2] Schaefer & Gehrig et al., "Asynchronous Event-based Graph Neural Networks", CVPR 2022

[3] Gehrig et al., "Pushing the Limits of Asynchronous Graph-based Object Detection with Event Cameras", arXiv 2022

# Event-based Graph Neural Networks

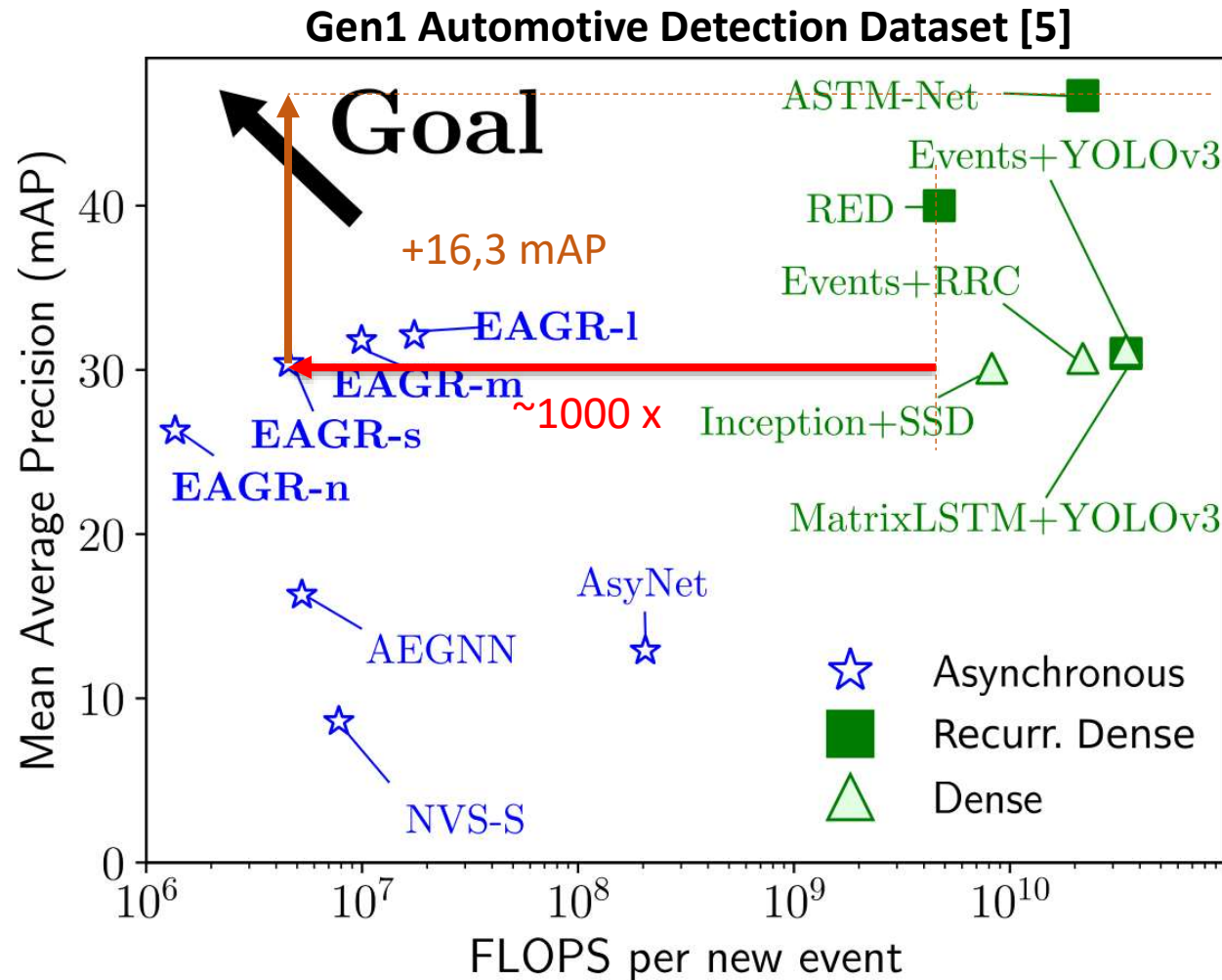
- During training, the GNN processes events synchronously.
- During testing, deploy GNN asynchronously: First initialize densely, then update **only small subgraph**



[1] Li et al., "Graph-based Asynchronous Event Processing for Rapid Object Recognition", ICCV 2021  
[2] Schaefer & Gehrig et al., "Asynchronous Event-based Graph Neural Networks", CVPR 2022  
[3] Gehrig et al., "Pushing the Limits of Asynchronous Graph-based Object Detection with Event Cameras", arXiv 2022



# Performance vs. Efficiency



[1] Messikommer et al., "Event-based Asynchronous Sparse Convolutional Networks", ECCV 2020

[2] Li et al., "Graph-based Asynchronous Event Processing for Rapid Object Recognition", ICCV 2021

[3] Schaefer & Gehrig et al., "Asynchronous Event-based Graph Neural Networks", CVPR 2022

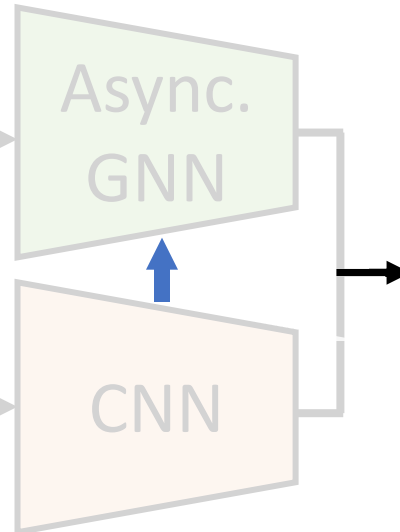
[4] Gehrig et al., "Pushing the Limits of Asynchronous Graph-based Object Detection with Event Cameras", arXiv 2022

[5] de Tournemire et al., "A Large Scale Event-based Detection Dataset for Automotive", arXiv, 2020

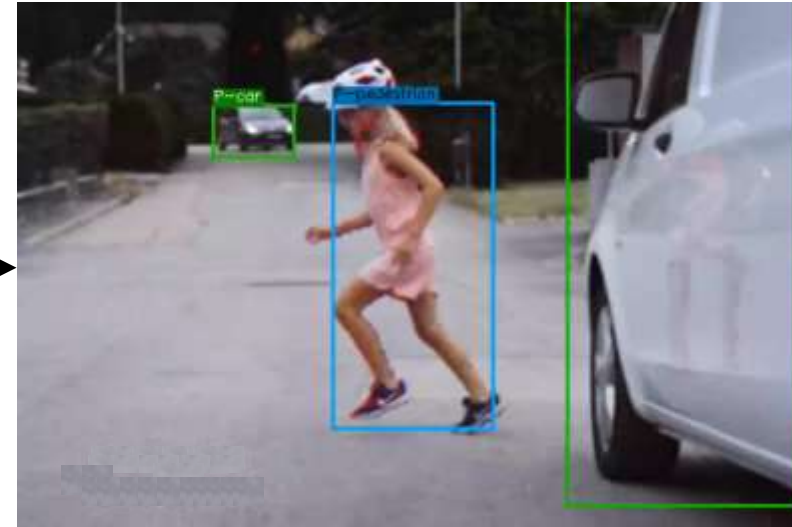
# Combining with Images

- Event cameras are “blind”, when no motion is present, and contain only binary information
- Combining them with images helps to address these issues.
- Directed feature sharing between CNN and GNN enables **async. reuse of image features**

Input Events and Images



Object Detections



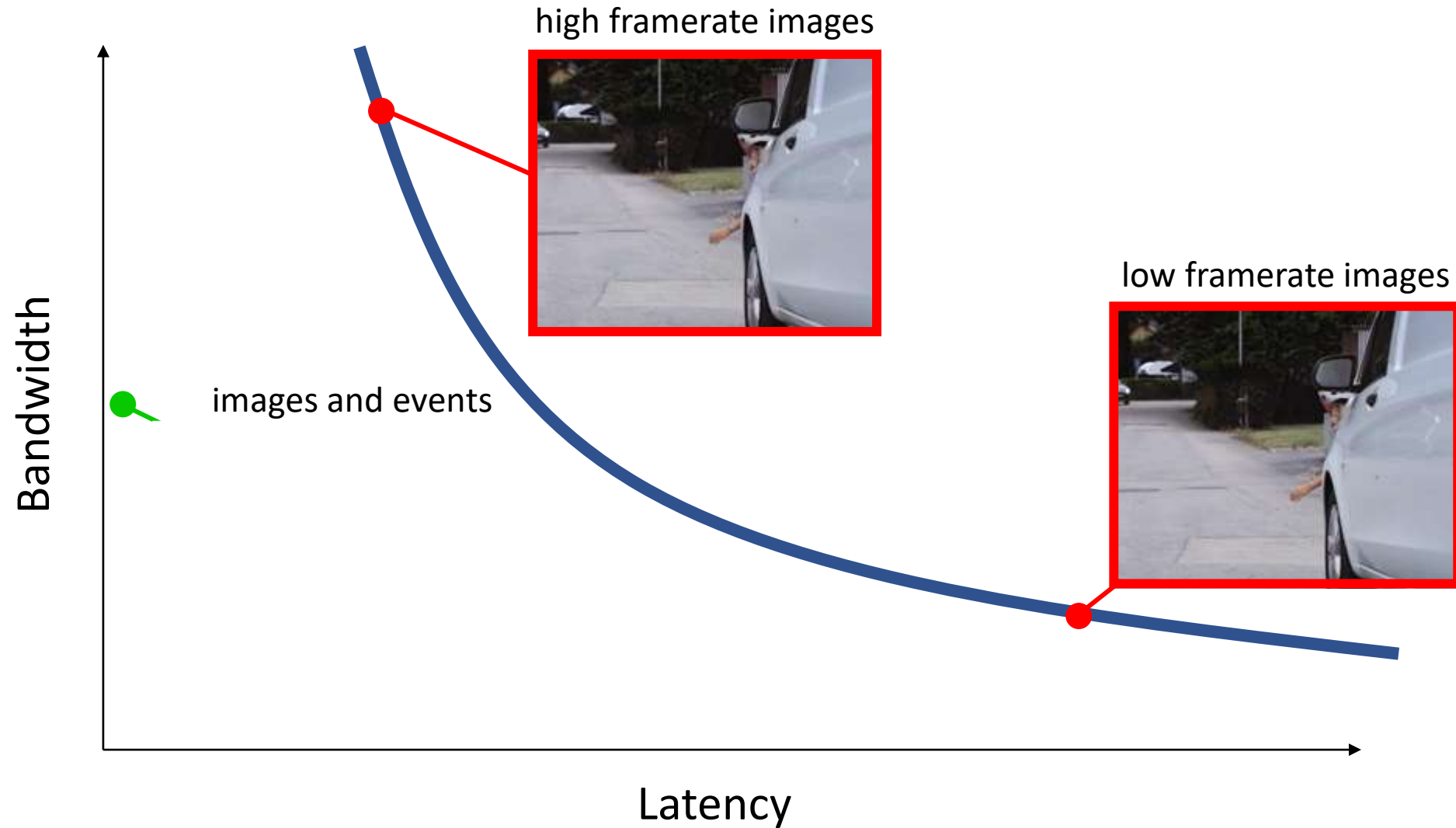
**using events and images boosts worst-case mAP by 2.6 mAP over purely image-based**

[1] Gehrig et al., “Pushing the Limits of Asynchronous Graph-based Object Detection with Event Cameras”, arXiv 2022, **ongoing research**

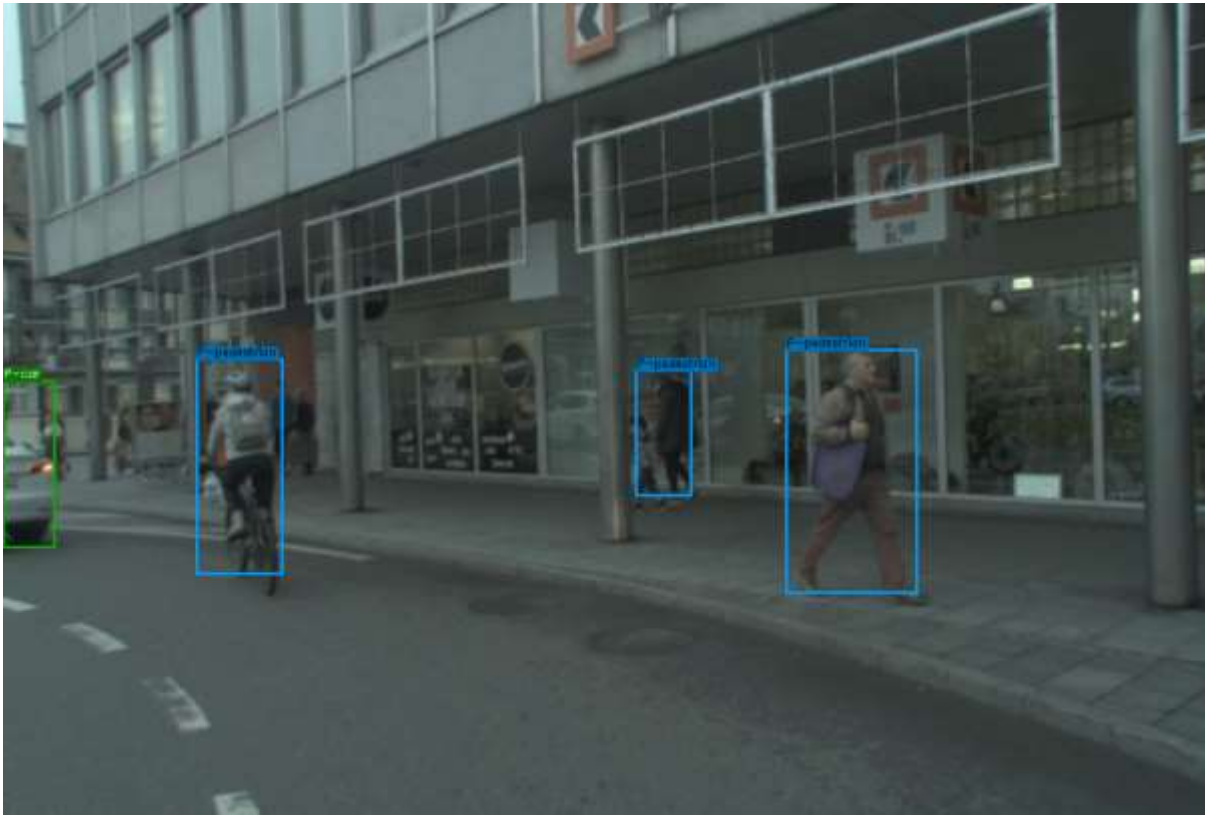
[2] Gehrig et al., “Low-latency Interframe Object Detection with Event Cameras”, submitted



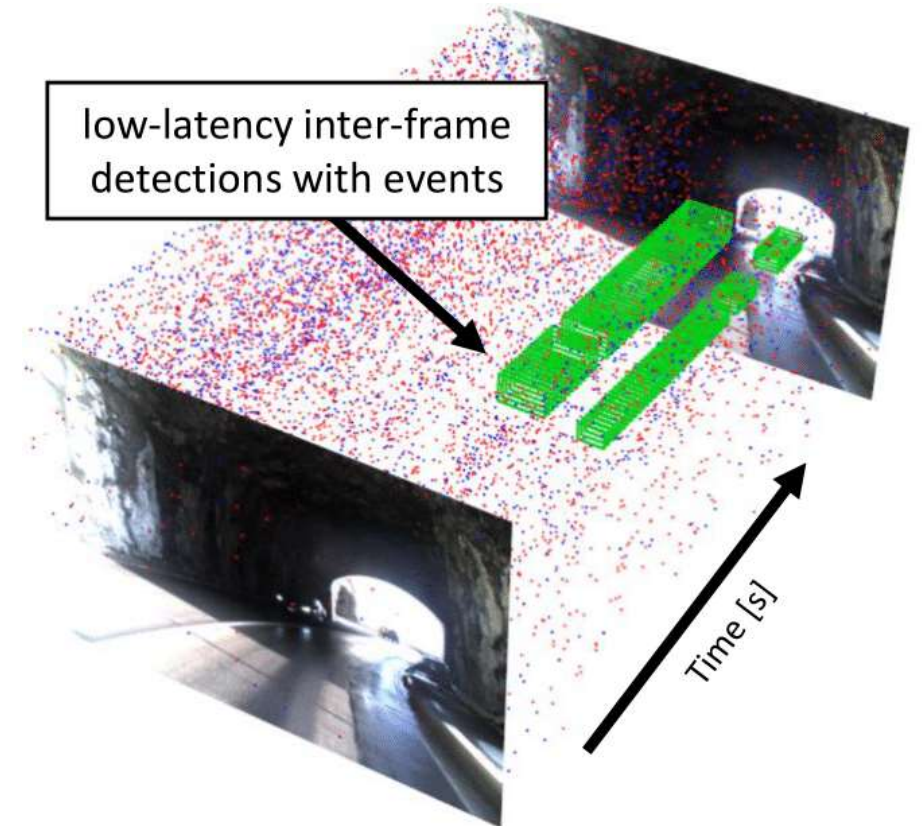
# Bandwidth Latency Tradeoff



# Results



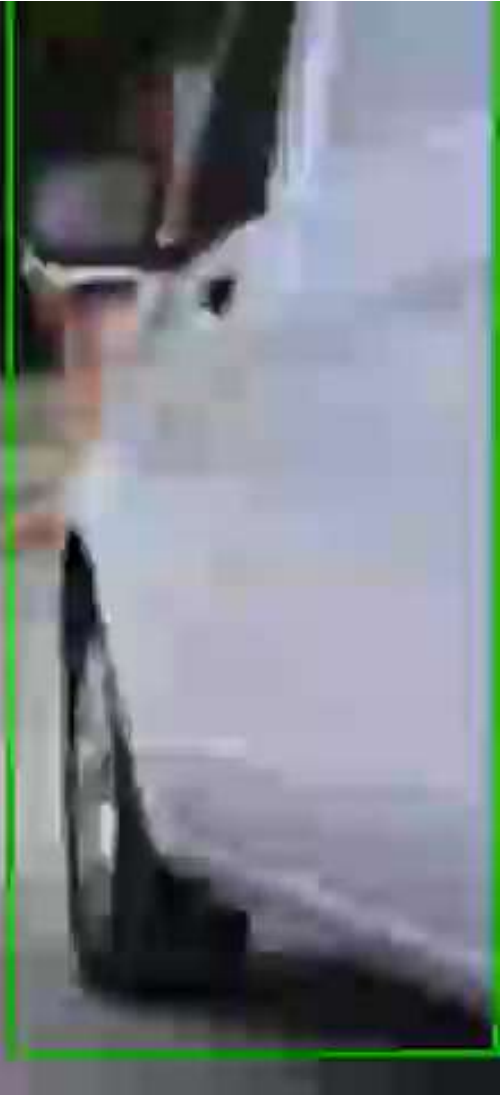
**High-Rate Detections**



Boost of worst-case mAP by 2.6 mAP over purely image-based at same bandwidth

200 x slower

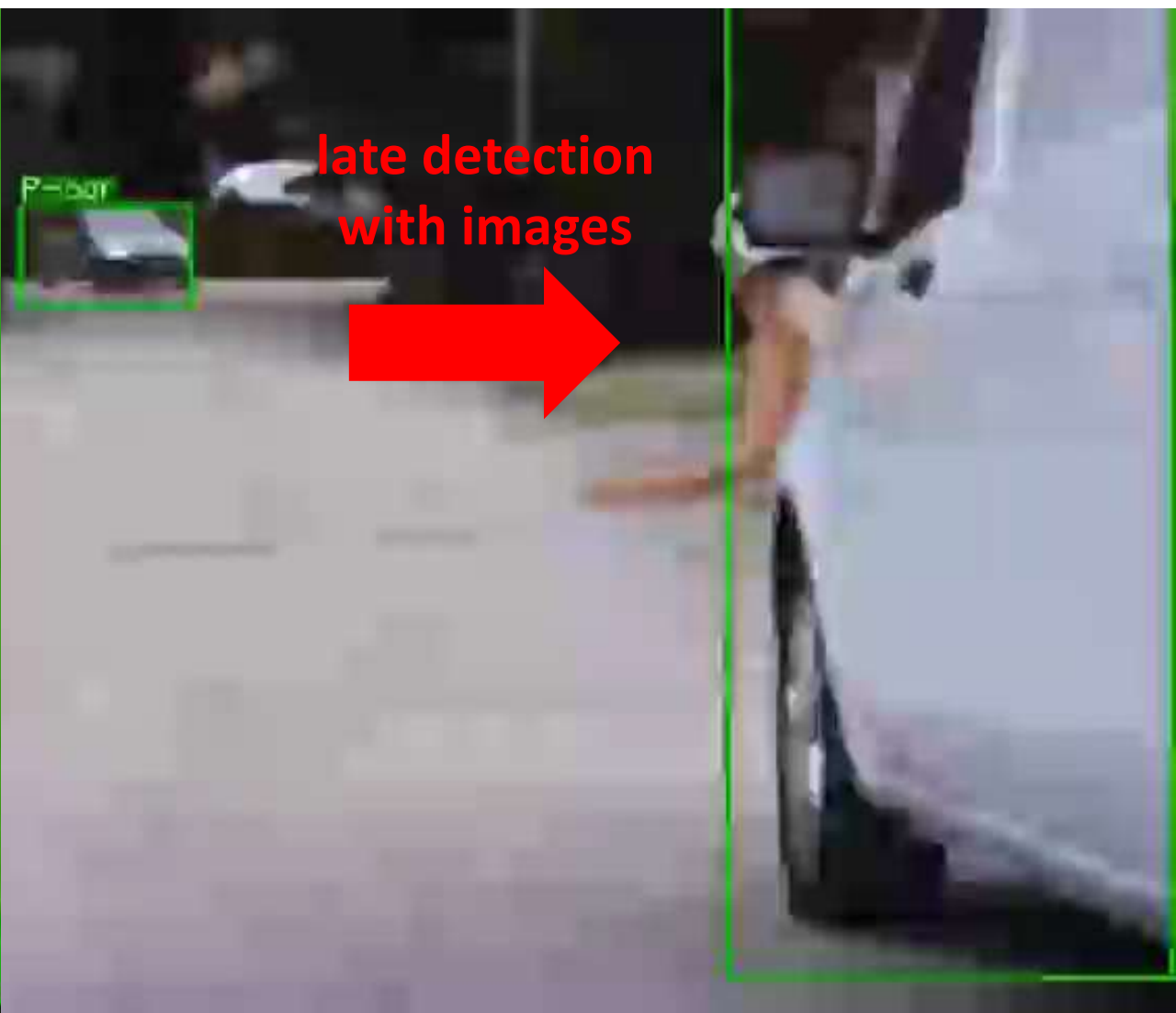
early detection  
with events



**Event and Image-based: EAGR (this work)**

**Image-based: YOLOX [3]**

200 x slower



late detection  
with images



Event and Image-based: EAGR (this work)

Image-based: YOLOX





P-car

P-car

P-car

100 x slower





# Event- and Images-based Object Detector

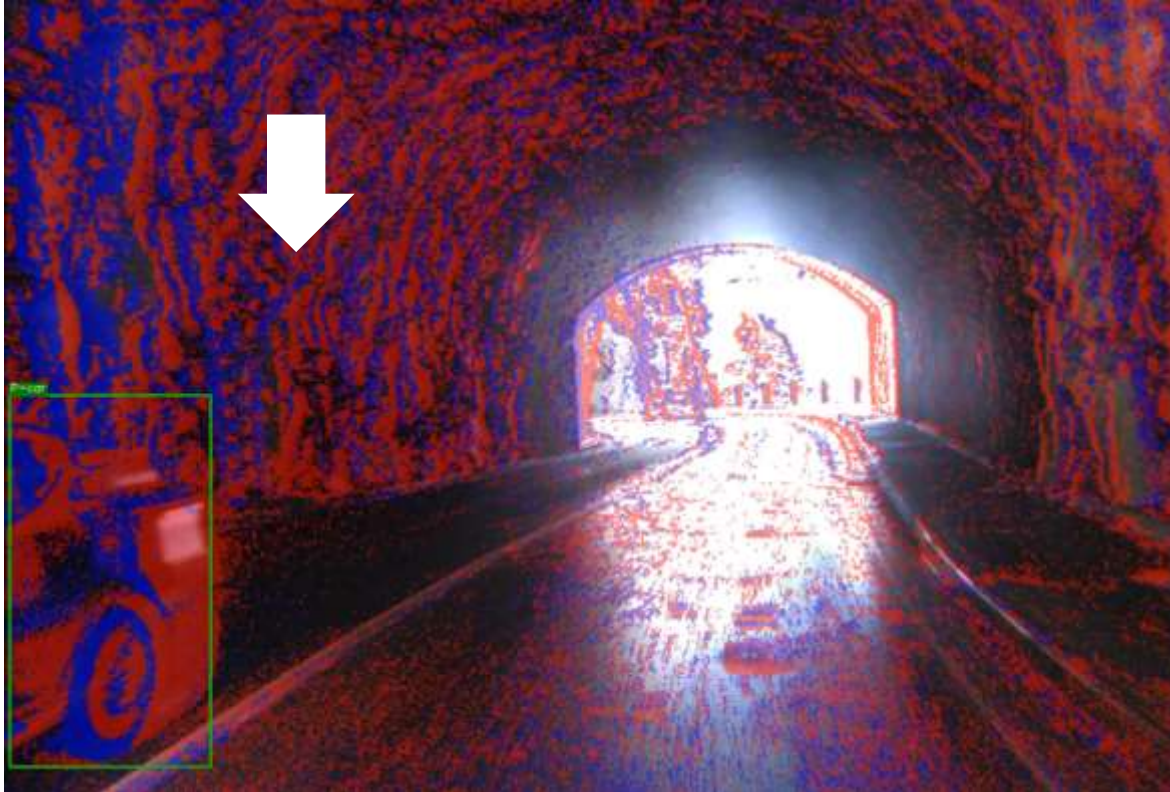


**Event and Image-based: EAGR (this work)**



**Image-based: YOLOX [1]**

## Qualitative Results: HDR scenarios



**Event and Image-based: DAGr (this work)**



**Image-based: YOLOX [1]**

[1] Ge et al. "YOLOX: Exceeding YOLOX Series in 2021", arXiv, 2023

# Qualitative Results: HDR scenarios



**Event and Image-based: DAGr (this work)**



**Image-based: YOLOX [1]**

[1] Ge et al. "YOLOX: Exceeding YOLOX Series in 2021", arXiv, 2023





<https://dsec.ifsi.uzh.ch/dsec-detection/>

Thank you for listening!